

Reading

STARTER



Voyage

1

WORKBOOK



LeBron James

Vocabulary Practice

A Write each word and phrase next to its correct definition. Then write its meaning in your language.

tough talent	miss award	championship by oneself
1. a prize	award	상
2. not easy; hard	tough	힘든
3. a final contest or game	championship	결승전, 챔피언전
4. alone; with no one's help	by oneself	혼자, 남의 도움 없이
5. not to be present for something	miss	(수업을) 빼먹다
6. the ability to be good at something	talent	재능

B Read the sentences and choose the best answers.

- Our school's soccer team won the _____ this year.
a. talent ✓ b. championship c. experience
- I _____ school today because I was sick.
a. awarded b. reached ✓ c. missed
- These math problems are _____. Can you help me with them?
✓ a. tough b. simple c. fast

Writing Practice

C Choose the phrases to complete the sentences.

tough childhood for the game	focus on half a year of school
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- Lebron had a talent for the game.
- LeBron's tough childhood made him stronger.
- LeBron even missed half a year of school.
- Finally, LeBron could focus on school and basketball.

D Translate the sentences into your language, focusing on the meanings of the underlined parts.

- People call LeBron James "The King."
▶ 사람들은 르브론 제임스를 '황제'라고 부른다.
- She raised him by herself.
▶ 그녀는 혼자서 그를 키웠다.
- He let LeBron stay with his family.
▶ 그는 르브론이 자신의 가족과 지내도록 허락했다.



Ostrich Racing

Vocabulary Practice

A Write each word and phrase next to its correct definition. Then write its meaning in your language.

	rider race	join in finish line	weird fall off
1. strange; odd			weird 기이한, 이색적인
2. to take part in		join in ~에 참여하다	
3. not to stay on top of something			fall off 떨어지다
4. the place where a race ends		finish line 결승선	
5. to run against other people or animals in a contest		race 경주하게 하다; 경주	
6. a person who sits on an animal to move	rider 기수		

B Read the sentences and choose the best answers.

1. Horse _____ are usually small, light people.
✓ a. riders b. finish lines c. tracks
2. This food tastes _____. Don't eat it.
a. famous b. fresh ✓ c. weird
3. I broke my arm when I _____ my bicycle.
a. sat on b. gave up ✓ c. fell off

Writing Practice

C Choose the phrases to complete the sentences.

per hour sit on	join in finish line
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1. Riders _____ sit on _____ the ostriches.
2. You can visit, too, and _____ join in _____ the fun!
3. They can run almost 70 kilometers _____ per hour _____.
4. They try to reach the _____ finish line _____ first.

D Translate the sentences into your language, focusing on the meanings of the underlined parts.

1. The hardest part is not falling off!
▶ _____ 가장 힘든 부분은 떨어지지 않는 것이다!
2. The Chandler Ostrich Festival in the U.S. has the most famous race.
▶ _____ 미국의 찬들러 타조 축제는 가장 유명한 경주가 있다.
3. When the race starts, they make the birds run down a track.
▶ _____ 경주가 시작되면 그들은 새들이 경주로를 달리게 한다.



William Shakespeare

Vocabulary Practice

A Write each word and phrase next to its correct definition. Then write its meaning in your language.

theater in total	tragedy clever	ending adult
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- | | | |
|--|----------|--------|
| 1. the last part of a story | ending | 결말 |
| 2. smart or intelligent | clever | 재치 있는 |
| 3. a place where you see plays | theater | 극장; 연극 |
| 4. including everything; altogether | in total | 통틀어 |
| 5. a story in which the main character dies | tragedy | 비극 |
| 6. a fully grown person; a person who is not a child | adult | 어른, 성인 |

B Read the sentences and choose the best answers.

1. I go to the _____ to see movies.
✓ a. theater b. store c. computer
2. You are a(n) _____ when you become 18.
a. clever b. actor ✓ c. adult
3. Some stories do not have happy _____.
a. tragedies ✓ b. endings c. comedies

Writing Practice

C Choose the phrases to complete the sentences.

in total happy endings	sad plays in clever ways
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1. My plays use words in clever ways.
2. Tragedies are my sad plays.
3. In total, I wrote 37 plays.
4. My comedies have happy endings.

D Translate the sentences into your language, focusing on the meanings of the underlined parts.

1. As an adult, I moved to London.
➤ 성인이 되어 나는 런던으로 이사를 갔다.
2. This made me want to work in theater.
➤ 이것은 내가 극장에서 일하고 싶게 만들었다.
3. I also wrote 154 short poems called sonnets.
➤ 나는 '소네트'라고 불리는 154편의 짧은 시도 썼다.



The Story of King Midas

Vocabulary Practice

A Write each word and phrase next to its correct definition. Then write its meaning in your language.

flow	realize	greedy
grant	bathe	pick up

1. to wash in water	bathe	(몸을) 씻다
2. to become aware of something	realize	깨닫다
3. to take hold of something and lift it	pick up	집다, 들어 올리다
4. wanting a lot of money, food, etc.	greedy	욕심 많은
5. to move somewhere continuously	flow	흐르다
6. to agree to give someone something he or she wants	grant	(소원을) 들어주다

B Read the sentences and choose the best answers.

1. You should _____ every day to be clean.
a. flow ✓ b. bathe c. wish
2. Some people are always _____ for money.
✓ a. greedy b. grant c. normal
3. My dad _____ to take me to the park.
a. hugged b. told ✓ c. offered

Writing Practice

C Choose the words and phrases to complete the sentences.

no longer	turned to
realized	one of his wishes

1. Midas _____ realized _____ his mistake.
2. He was _____ no longer _____ greedy.
3. When he picked up grapes, they _____ turned to _____ gold.
4. The god offered to grant _____ one of his wishes _____.

D Translate the sentences into your language, focusing on the meanings of the underlined parts.

1. Midas wanted to be the richest man in the world.
➤ _____ 미다스 왕은 세계에서 가장 부자가 되고 싶었다.
2. He asked Dionysus to take back his wish.
➤ _____ 그는 디오니소스에게 자신의 소원을 철회해 달라고 요청했다.
3. He hugged his daughter and was thankful for what he had.
➤ _____ 그는 딸을 안았고 자신이 가진 것에 대해 감사히 여겼다.



Mount Kilimanjaro

Vocabulary Practice

A Write each word next to its correct definition. Then write its meaning in your language.

temperature	thin	volcano
farmland	top	thought

- | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------|
| 1. an idea or belief | <u>thought</u> | 생각, 의견 |
| 2. how hot or cold a place is | <u>temperature</u> | 온도, 기온 |
| 3. a place where people grow food | <u>farmland</u> | 농지 |
| 4. having little oxygen; not thick | <u>thin</u> | 산소가 희박한 |
| 5. the highest part of something | <u>top</u> | 꼭대기, 정상 |
| 6. a mountain that shoots out hot, melted rocks called lava | <u>volcano</u> | 화산 |

B Read the sentences and choose the best answers.

- Let me tell you my _____ about this book.
a. surprise ✓ b. thoughts c. villages
- The _____ of the building is 555 meters high.
a. back b. temperature ✓ c. top
- We need lots of _____. Then we can grow a lot of food.
✓ a. farmland b. cities c. volcanoes

Writing Practice

C Choose the phrases to complete the sentences.

the air	their thoughts
-20 degrees Celsius	reached the top

- Near the top, the air was thin.
- We reached the top after six days.
- The temperature there is usually -20 degrees Celsius.
- People write their thoughts about the climb on paper.

D Translate the sentences into your language, focusing on the meanings of the underlined parts.

- I got a headache because of it.
▶ 나는 그것 때문에 머리가 아팠다.
- I wrote that the climb was hard but interesting.
▶ 나는 등반이 힘들었지만 재미있었다고 썼다.
- When we were higher, we saw fewer trees and more rocks.
▶ 우리가 더 높이 올라가니 나무는 더 적게 보이고 바위가 더 많이 보였다.



Why Are Rainforests Important?

Vocabulary Practice

A Write each word and phrase next to its correct definition. Then write its meaning in your language.

	save cure	trap cut down	fever medicine
1. to keep something in a place		trap	가두다
2. to make a sick person better	cure		치료하다
3. a pill or drink that treats disease	medicine		약
4. to protect; to keep something for later	save		보호하다
5. a very high body temperature	fever		열
6. to chop trees so they are not standing anymore		cut down	(베어) 넘어뜨리다

B Read the sentences and choose the best answers.

- I took _____ because I was sick.
a. fever b. cure ✓ c. medicine
- Scientists work to _____ animals in nature.
✓ a. save b. fill c. fall
- The mouse was _____ and could not escape.
a. found ✓ b. trapped c. let out

Writing Practice

C Choose the phrases to complete the sentences.

water cycle	into the air
cut down	rivers and streams

- The rain fills _____ rivers and streams _____.
- Rainforests control the _____ water cycle _____, too.
- The plants let the water out _____ into the air _____.
- Sadly, many trees are _____ cut down _____ each year.

D Translate the sentences into your language, focusing on the meanings of the underlined parts.

- Over 25% of all medicines come from rainforests.
▶ _____ 모든 의약품의 25% 이상이 열대우림에서 나온다.
- These medicines cure coughs, fevers, and serious diseases.
▶ _____ 이 약들은 기침, 열과 심각한 질병을 치료한다.
- We have studied just 1% of the plants in rainforests.
▶ _____ 우리는 열대우림에 있는 식물 중 단 1%만 연구했다.



The Dalmatian Pelican

Vocabulary Practice

A Write each word next to its correct definition. Then write its meaning in your language.

drain	weigh	diet
wing	wetland	recover

1. to show how heavy you are	weigh	무게가 ~이다
2. to let all the water out of something	drain	물을 빼내다
3. to come back to an earlier state	recover	회복하다
4. an area of land covered in water that is not deep	wetland	습지
5. the food someone or something usually eats	diet	식사, 음식
6. one of the parts that a bird uses for flying	wing	날개

B Read the sentences and choose the best answers.

1. My _____ is mostly fruit and vegetables.
a. safety ✓ b. diet c. weight
2. Frogs, turtles, and alligators live in _____.
✓ a. wetlands b. sources c. hospitals
3. The forest took many years to _____ after the fire.
a. fly ✓ b. recover c. drain

Writing Practice

C Choose the phrases to complete the sentences.

weighs about three meters wide	mostly fish food sources
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1. Its diet is mostly fish.
2. It weighs about 15 kilograms.
3. Fishermen have taken its food sources.
4. Its wings are almost three meters wide.

D Translate the sentences into your language, focusing on the meanings of the underlined parts.

1. We have drained the wetlands it lives in.
▶ 우리는 그것이 살고 있는 습지에서 물을 다 빼냈다.
2. If we stop these things, then it can recover.
▶ 우리가 이러한 행위들을 중단한다면 그것은 복원될 수 있다.
3. She will tell us about the largest flying bird in the world.
▶ 그녀는 날 수 있는 새 중 세계에서 가장 큰 새에 관해 우리에게 말해 줄 것이다.



Friendly Farm Animals

Vocabulary Practice

A Write each word and phrase next to its correct definition. Then write its meaning in your language.

social personality	trick lie	pet up close
1. right in front; near	up close	가까이에서
2. a smart and interesting action	trick	재주, 묘기
3. a person's or animal's character	personality	성격
4. to be in a flat position on a surface	lie	눕다
5. to touch an animal in a friendly way	pet	쓰다듬다
6. being friends with others and living in groups	social	사교적인, 상냥한

B Read the sentences and choose the best answers.

- Jenny has a nice _____, so everyone likes her.
a. chance ✓ b. personality c. time
- I am not very _____, so I don't like meeting people.
✓ a. social b. up close c. strong
- My pet dog can do many _____.
a. grounds b. boxes ✓ c. tricks

Writing Practice

C Choose the phrases to complete the sentences.

not always spending time	friendly as pigs see friendly farm animals
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- Our pigs love _____ spending time with us.
- Goats are not as _____ friendly as pigs.
- Our goats do _____ not always listen to us.
- Visitors have the chance to _____ see friendly farm animals up close.

D Translate the sentences into your language, focusing on the meanings of the underlined parts.

- Pigs are smarter than dogs and cats.
➤ 돼지는 개와 고양이보다 더 영리하다.
- They are very good at learning tricks.
➤ 그들은 곡예를 배우는 데 아주 능숙하다.
- When they lie on the ground, they want to be petted.
➤ 그들은 땅바닥에 누워 있을 때 쓰다듬어 주기를 원한다.



Famous Street Foods

Vocabulary Practice

A Write each word next to its correct definition. Then write its meaning in your language.

	grilled tasty	colony ingredient	batter snack
1. a small meal		<u>snack</u>	<u>간단한 식사</u>
2. delicious; yummy		<u>tasty</u>	<u>맛있는</u>
3. cooked over a fire		<u>grilled</u>	<u>(그릴에) 구운</u>
4. a food used to make other foods		<u>ingredient</u>	<u>재료</u>
5. a country controlled by another country		<u>colony</u>	<u>식민지</u>
6. a mixture of water, flour, sugar, and eggs for making cakes		<u>batter</u>	<u>반죽</u>

B Read the sentences and choose the best answers.

- The main _____ in cake is flour.
✓ a. ingredient b. batter c. baguette
- I don't like this pizza. It is not very _____.
a. grilled b. filled ✓ c. tasty
- You should eat healthy _____ such as fruit.
a. colonies ✓ b. snacks c. crepes

Writing Practice

C Choose the phrases to complete the sentences.

filled with be sure to	a try Vietnamese ingredients
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- Give *banh mi* a try. You'll love it!
- In France, be sure to get a crepe.
- Banh mi* is filled with grilled pork or other meat.
- Banh mi* is made with French and Vietnamese ingredients.

D Translate the sentences into your language, focusing on the meanings of the underlined parts.

- Almost every country in the world has famous street foods.
▶ 세계 거의 모든 나라는 유명한 길거리 음식이 있다.
- Batter is cooked on a hot plate until it turns brown.
▶ 반죽은 갈색으로 변할 때까지 핫 플레이트 위에서 익혀진다.
- Crepes are the perfect snack to enjoy in France.
▶ 크레이프는 프랑스에서 즐길 수 있는 완벽한 간식이다.



Energy Bars and Drinks

Vocabulary Practice

A Write each word and phrase next to its correct definition. Then write its meaning in your language.

athlete	meal	skip
gain weight	plenty of	wholegrain

- | | | |
|---|-------------|---------|
| 1. to become fatter | gain weight | 체중이 늘다 |
| 2. more than enough; a lot of | plenty of | 많은, 충분한 |
| 3. a person who is good at sports | athlete | 운동선수 |
| 4. having whole seeds | wholegrain | 통밀로 만든 |
| 5. not to do something you often do | skip | 건너뛰다 |
| 6. the food you eat at one time; breakfast, lunch, and dinner | meal | 식사 |

B Read the sentences and choose the best answers.

1. Plants need _____ sunlight to grow.
✓ a. plenty of b. none of c. up close
2. Some famous _____ are LeBron James and Lionel Messi.
a. singers ✓ b. athletes c. artists
3. You should eat three _____ a day: breakfast, lunch, and dinner.
a. cereals ✓ b. meals c. vegetables

Writing Practice

C Choose the phrases to complete the sentences.

good points	plenty of water
sleep problems	sugar and calories

1. Drink plenty of water. These are healthier.
2. Energy bars and drinks also have a lot of sugar and calories.
3. Too much of it can cause headaches and sleep problems.
4. Energy bars and drinks have some good points. They have vitamins and minerals.

D Translate the sentences into your language, focusing on the meanings of the underlined parts.

1. They will give you the energy you want.
▶ 그것들은 여러분이 원하는 에너지를 줄 것이다.
2. If you want more power, the answer is simple.
▶ 여러분이 더 많은 에너지를 원한다면 답은 간단하다.
3. They have energy bars and drinks to get some energy.
▶ 그들은 에너지를 얻기 위해 에너지 바와 에너지 드링크를 먹는다.



A Special Place to Go in Winter

Vocabulary Practice

A Write each word next to its correct definition. Then write its meaning in your language.

	ground amount	cross wall	Antarctica location
1. the land on the Earth	ground		땅바닥
2. a quantity; how much of something	amount		양
3. to move from one place to another	cross		건너다, 가로지르다
4. the place where something is	location		위치
5. the very cold land at the southern part of the Earth	Antarctica		남극 대륙
6. brick, stone, or something else that goes around an area	wall		벽

B Read the sentences and choose the best answers.

- This _____ of food is too much for me to eat.
a. cost ✓ b. amount c. meters
- You can find the _____ of my house on the map.
a. weather b. wall ✓ c. location
- We have many pictures hanging on our _____.
✓ a. walls b. ground c. mountains

Writing Practice

C Choose the phrases to complete the sentences.

northern part	cross the sea
huge walls of snow	670 centimeters of snow

- Cold winds from Siberia cross the sea.
- Aomori is in the northern part of Honshu Island.
- The city usually gets about 670 centimeters of snow each year.
- The roads to the city have huge walls of snow on both sides during winter.

D Translate the sentences into your language, focusing on the meanings of the underlined parts.

- You don't need to go to Antarctica.
➤ 너는 남극 대륙에 갈 필요가 없다.
- There is sometimes more than six meters of snow on the ground.
➤ 때로는 6미터 이상의 눈이 땅에 쌓인다.
- These cause huge amounts of snow to fall all winter long.
➤ 이러한 것들이 겨울 내내 어마어마한 양의 눈을 내리게 만든다.

Vocabulary Practice

A Write each word next to its correct definition. Then write its meaning in your language.

	tie wrist	pray thread	holiday celebrate
1. a piece of string or rope		thread	실
2. a special day in a country		holiday	공휴일, 축제일
3. to enjoy a special day		celebrate	기념하다, 축하하다
4. to connect two pieces of string		tie	묶다
5. to speak to God to ask for something		pray	기도하다
6. the part of the arm connected to the hand		wrist	팔목

B Read the sentences and choose the best answers.

- Christmas is my favorite _____.
a. month b. December ✓ c. holiday
- Can you _____ this string together for me?
a. pray ✓ b. tie c. give
- I will _____ my birthday on Saturday this year.
✓ a. celebrate b. forget c. promise

Writing Practice

C Choose the phrases to complete the sentences.

not just to their brothers	tie these bands all over the world
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- Hindu people _____ all over the world _____ celebrate it.
- They _____ tie these bands _____ to their brothers' wrists.
- On the day, sisters give *rakhi* _____ to their brothers _____.
- Today, the holiday is _____ not just _____ for brothers and sisters.

D Translate the sentences into your language, focusing on the meanings of the underlined parts.

- They want their brothers to live long and to be healthy.
➤ _____ 그들은 남자 형제들이 오래 살고 건강하기를 바란다.
- In return, brothers promise to protect their sisters.
➤ _____ 답례로, 남자 형제들은 여자 형제들을 보호하겠다고 약속한다.
- Raksha Bandhan celebrates the love between brothers and sisters.
➤ _____ 락샤 반단은 형제 자매 간의 사랑을 기념한다.

Vocabulary Practice

A Write each word and phrase next to its correct definition. Then write its meaning in your language.

copy painter	backstage work of art	normal angle
1. usual or regular	normal	평범한, 보통의
2. a painting or sculpture	work of art	미술품
3. a person who paints pictures	painter	화가
4. in the area behind the stage at a show	backstage	무대 뒤에서
5. the position from which something is seen	angle	각도
6. to make something that looks just like the original	copy	베끼다, 모사하다

B Read the sentences and choose the best answers.

- Alex _____ his friend's test and got in trouble.
a. explained ☒ b. copied c. visited
- On a _____ day, I wake up at 8 a.m.
☒ a. normal b. famous c. backstage
- The movie shows what happens from different _____.
a. museums ☒ b. angles c. paintings

Writing Practice

C Choose the phrases to complete the sentences.

tried out works of art	most other paintings from many angles
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- He copied the famous works of art there.
- He painted the dancers from many angles.
- Degas tried out different types of light and angles.
- His paintings are not like most other paintings of his time.

D Translate the sentences into your language, focusing on the meanings of the underlined parts.

- He painted people doing normal things in their daily lives.
▶ 그는 일상생활에서 평범한 일들을 하고 있는 사람들을 그렸다.
- When he grew up, Degas wanted to make a new art style.
▶ 드가는 성장했을 때 새로운 미술 스타일을 만들기를 원했다.
- He showed the dancers backstage practicing.
▶ 그는 무대 뒤에서 연습을 하는 무용수들을 보여 주었다.



Famous Modern Buildings

Vocabulary Practice

A Write each word next to its correct definition. Then write its meaning in your language.

	steel atrium	random modern	curve covered
1. a line that is not straight			<u>curve</u> 곡선
2. a strong metal			<u>steel</u> 강철
3. new or recent			<u>modern</u> 현대적인
4. having a layer of something on it			<u>covered</u> 덮인
5. an open area in a large building with a glass roof			<u>atrium</u> 아트리움
6. chosen or done without any regular pattern			<u>random</u> 일정하지 않은

B Read the sentences and choose the best answers.

- Your legs are _____ with bug bites.
✓ a. covered b. removed c. bright
- This bottle has a(n) _____ in the middle.
✓ a. curve b. random c. atrium
- _____ is stronger than wood.
a. Paper b. Pattern ✓ c. Steel

Writing Practice

C Choose the phrases to complete the sentences.

look random 60-meter-high room	is covered in in the center
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- The curves of the building look random.
- The building has an atrium in the center.
- This 60-meter-high room is open and bright.
- The building is covered in shiny steel and glass.

D Translate the sentences into your language, focusing on the meanings of the underlined parts.

- For one, it is covered in glass, metal, and stone.
▶ 일레로, 그것은 유리, 금속과 석재로 덮여 있다.
- From far away, the building looks like a ship.
▶ 멀리에서 보면 그 건물은 배처럼 보인다.
- Today we are going to talk about famous modern buildings.
▶ 오늘 우리는 유명한 현대적인 건물들에 관해 얘기를 나눌 것이다.

Vocabulary Practice

A Write each word and phrase next to its correct definition. Then write its meaning in your language.

	content post	connection unique	million all the time
1. 1,000,000		<u>million</u>	<u>백만</u>
2. always; constantly		<u>all the time</u>	<u>항상</u>
3. one of a kind; special		<u>unique</u>	<u>독특한</u>
4. to put up for people to see; to upload		<u>post</u>	<u>올리다, 게시하다</u>
5. the main or important part of something, like a video		<u>content</u>	<u>콘텐츠, 내용</u>
6. a relationship or joining between two people		<u>connection</u>	<u>연결, 유대감</u>

B Read the sentences and choose the best answers.

- This book has a lot of _____ to read.
a. millions ✓ b. content c. designs
- It is cold in Antarctica _____.
a. plenty of b. nowhere ✓ c. all the time
- My teacher _____ her lessons online.
a. agrees ✓ b. posts c. connects

Writing Practice

C Choose the phrases to complete the sentences.

new videos	all the time
feel good	connection with

- YouTube stars post new videos even on holidays.
- Many young people feel a connection with YouTube stars.
- YouTube stars make new videos all the time.
- The videos make them feel good about themselves.

D Translate the sentences into your language, focusing on the meanings of the underlined parts.

- YouTube lets people post videos online.
▶ 유튜브는 사람들이 온라인으로 동영상을 올릴 수 있게 한다.
- The most famous YouTube stars have millions of fans.
▶ 가장 유명한 유튜브 스타들은 수백만 명의 팬을 보유하고 있다.
- They feel as if YouTube stars are their friends.
▶ 그들은 유튜브 스타들이 마치 자신의 친구인 것처럼 느낀다.

Vocabulary Practice

A Write each word and phrase next to its correct definition. Then write its meaning in your language.

shape robber	beam vacuum	wheel be in one's way
1. a line of light	beam	광선
2. a person who steals; a thief	robber	강도
3. to look like a circle, square, etc.	shape	~의 모양을 이루다
4. a machine that cleans dirt from floors	vacuum	진공 청소기
5. to stop something from moving; to block something	be in one's way	길을 막다
6. the round part under a car, bicycle, etc. that rolls	wheel	바퀴

B Read the sentences and choose the best answers.

- Police caught the bank _____.
a. items b. helper ✓ c. robber
- This building is _____ like a square.
✓ a. shaped b. lost c. found
- Cars have four _____, and bicycles have two.
a. drivers b. beams ✓ c. wheels

Writing Practice

C Choose the phrases to complete the sentences.

by themselves a lot of time	see with like disks
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- The robots save us _____.
- Robot vacuums are usually shaped _____.
- They can move around our homes _____.
- The small robots have two eyes and a camera to _____.

D Translate the sentences into your language, focusing on the meanings of the underlined parts.

- These beams tell them when something is in their way.
➤ 이 광선이 그것들에게 언제 무언가 길을 가로막는지 말해 준다.
- They can even protect our homes from robbers.
➤ 그것들은 심지어 강도로부터 우리 집을 지킬 수 있다.
- These small robots have three wheels to move around on.
➤ 이 작은 로봇들은 바닥 위를 돌아다닐 수 있는 세 개의 바퀴를 가지고 있다.